MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY 2013 MAY	17	AM 10: 21
CCR CERTIFICATION FORM		
Northwest Kemper Water Association Public Water Supply Name		
U350003 0350007 0350023 0350025 List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR		

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year of electronic delivery, we request you mail or fax a hard copy of the CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Y	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
	Other
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/
	CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Kempee County MESSENGER
	Date Published: 5/9/13
DY.	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: 5 / 14 / 13
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
I here publithe S	FIFICATION beby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this c water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by DWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State rtment of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
<u> </u>	Jayne Inst Manager 5-15-13 e/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
Dallar	or or and via II C. Phatal Coming

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: Melanie. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

RECEIVED - WATER SUPPLY

2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Northwest Kemper Water Association PWS#: 350003, 350007, 350023, 350025 April 2013

2013 MAY 17 AM 10: 21

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have received a blank to blank ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Wayne Smith at 601.677.3558. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please join us at any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of August at 7:00 PM at the Main Office.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID #	<i>‡</i> 350003-	Preston		TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants						

17. Lead	N	2009/11*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2012	.74	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-l	Products						
Chlorine	N	2012	1.1	.70 – 1.2	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2012	.03	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits
Disinfecti	on By-Pr	oducts						
81. HAA5	N	2012	7	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.

PWS ID#3	350023 -	- Kynar	d	TEST RESUI	LTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Sourc	e of Contamination
Microbiolo	gical Co	ontamin	ants						
1. Total Coliform Bacteria			Monitorin g		NA	0	baci	ce of coliform teria in 5% of hthly samples	Naturally present in the environment
Inorganic (Contam	inants							
10. Barium	N	2012	.05	No Range	ppm	2	2	discharge fro	f drilling wastes; om metal refineries; atural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/11*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	systems; erc	household plumbing osion of natural oching from wood s
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts							
81. HAA5	N	2012	16	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of disinfection.	of drinking water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012	9.47	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product o chlorination.	f drinking water
Chlorine	N	2012	1.4	.9 – 1.8	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water addition	ve used to control

PWS ID # 3			Т	TEST RESU		r		T
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiolo	gical Co	ontamina	ants					
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	N	September	Positive	2	NA	0	bac	ce of coliform Naturally present in the environment this samples
Inorganic (Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N		.06	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts						
81. HAA5	N	2012	1	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2012	1.07	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2012	1.1	.80 – 1.5	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012.

Microbiological Contaminants:

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In September 2012, our system violated a drinking water standard. We took 5 samples for coliform bacteria, 2 of those samples showed the presence of coliform bacteria. The standard is that no more than 1 sample per month of our samples may do so. We determined that the affected samples were caused by faulty faucets where the samples were taken. These faucets were replaced and/or protected from possible contamination as much as possible, and further sample testing showed no presence of coliform bacteria from these locations.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were requires to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 – December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Northwest Kemper Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

⁽¹⁾ Total Coliform. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

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potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed he wells for the Northwest Kemper Water Association have

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risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants. s do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control

Likely Source of Contamination	
Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	9
Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	
Water additive used to control microbes	
Likely Source of Contamination	
Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
Water additive used to control microbes]

PROOF OF PUBLICATION THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI KEMPER COUNTY

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Kemper County, Mississippi, for the KEMPER COUNTY MESSENGER, a weekly newspaper of general circulation in Kemper County, Mississippi as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-31, of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is attached hereto was published in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

Date May 9	, 2013
Vol. <u>80</u>	, No.32
Date	, 2013
Vol	, No
Date	, 2013
Vol.	, No
Date	, 2013
Vol.	, No
Signed: County MESSI	
efore me the day of hotary fublic	, 2013.

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2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report PWS#: 0350003, 350007, 350023, 350025 Northwest Kemper Water Association

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality water treatment process and protect our water resources. ty of your water. Our water source is purchased from the Town of Dekalb that has two wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquiter.

April, 2013

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²arts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter – one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID # 350003- Preston	350003	Preston		TEST RESULTS	ST			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	e MCL	WCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	, Z	2012	.012	No Range	ppm	N	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries;
	The state of the s	2000			·			
17. Lead	2	2009/11	N	o	dqq	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	Z	2012	.74	No Range	ppm	ő	10	Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products	By-Pr	oducts						

				MCL/ACL/MRDL	-ment			
Inorganic Contaminants	ontam	inants					i	
10. Barium	. Z	2012	.012	No Range	ppm	N	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17 Lead	z	2009/11*	N	O	ррь	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erasion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	Z	2012	.74	No Range	E	Ŏ	10	Runoff from fertilizer use: leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products	By-Pr	oducts						
Chlorine	z	2012	**	.70 – 1.2	mg/l	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID # 350007- Cleveland	350007-	Clevela	20	TEST RESULTS	LIS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Unit Measure -ment	ତ ୟ ଠ	M OL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Contaminants	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	z	2012	.03	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes: discharge from metal refineries erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection By-Products	n By-Pr	oducts						
81 HAAS	Z	2012	7	No Range	ddd	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	Z	2012	*	1-2	υ⁄6m	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Sy-Products Synard TEST RESULTS	MRDL = 4 Water additive used to control microbes	0	mg/1	9-1.8	4	N N		
Violation Collected Detected Range of Detects or Y/N Collected Detected # of Samples Measure G MCL Measure G MCL MCL	80 By-product of drinking water chlorination.	O	ddd	No Range	9.47	2012	Z	Trotal Introductions
Wilder W	60 By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	0	ppo	No Range	ð	2012	z	81 HAAS
TEST RESULTS Violation Violation Violation Vin Date Collected Violation Date Collected Vin Level Page of Detects or Exceeding Exceeding McL/ACL/MRDL Unit McL Measure Exceeding Measure Exceeding Measure Exceeding McL/ACL/MRDL MCL/ACL/MRDL MCL/ACL/MRDL NA 0 presence month bacter mount nic Contaminants N 2012 .05 No Range ppm 2 2 N 2009/11* .3 0 ppm 1.3 AL=1.3						oducts	By-Pr	Disinfection
TEST RESULTS Violation Violation Violation Vivin Date Collected Violation Date Collected Level # of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL Unit Measure G -ment MCL MCL MRDL MCL MCL MRDL iological Contaminants borm Sinc Contaminants Monitorin g Monitorin NA 0 Presence month bacter month N 2012 .05 No Range ppm 2 2		ι.ω	ppm	0	ù	2009/11*	z	14. Copper
Wiolation Date Level Ange of Detects or Unit MCL MCL	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	N	ppm	No Range	.05	2012	z	10. Barium
TEST RESULTS Violation Violation Violation Pate Violation Prince Collected Pate Canadian Level Pange of Detects or Exceeding Exceeding McLACL/MRDL Unit McL MCL McL Measure G Measur						nants	ontami	Inorganic C
# 350023 - Kynard TEST RESULTS Violation Date Level Range of Detects or Unit MCL MCL	presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	0	, N		Monitorin 9			1. Total Coliform Bacteria
TEST RESULTS Violation Violected Date Collected Level Parage of Detects or Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL Unit Measure G Measure G Measure G MCL/ACL/MRDL	mandringapi international managamagamagamagamagamagamagamagamagama		Lancaca and conference and conferenc		ants	ntamins	ical Co	Microbiolog
	MCL Likely Source of Contamination	₽ ₽	Unit Measure -ment	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRDL	Level Detected	Date Collected	Violation Y/N	Contaminant
	Andreas de la companya del la companya de la compan		ST	TEST RESUI		Kynard	50023 -	PWS ID#3

PWS ID # USDON THEEL

		Section of the sectio						erosion of natural denne
14 Copper	2	2005/11*	.3	0	ppm	ັ້ພ	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Disinfection By-Products	By-Pr	oducts						
81 HAA5	Z	2012	Ó	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TIHM [Total [rihalomethanes]	2	2012	9.47	No Range	oppo oppo	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	Z	2012	4	.9 - 1.8	mg/J	٥	MRDL = 4	MRDL = 4 Water additive used to control

PWS ID # 350025 - NWK #4	50025	NWX	4	TEST RESULTS	STI			**
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Celected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL/MRD	-ment Measure	O.M.	WOL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological Contaminants	rical Co) in talka in s	ants					
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	Z	September Positive	Positive	2	Z	٥	presenc	presence of coliform Naturally present in
	The same and the same of the s			termore and the second of the	The second secon		mon	monthly samples
Inorganic Contaminants	ontam	mants						
0	2		6	No Range	ppm	N	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries;
Disinfection By-Products	By-Pr	oducts				1		STORENT OF DATOLSH GEDOSTS
81. HAA5	Z	2012	**	No Range	add	٥	60	By-Product of drinking water
82. TTHM	Z	2012	1.07					OBJUTE COLOR.
[Total !rihalomethanes]		, ,	Č	Zoranga	ada	٥	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chionne	Z	2012	3,1	.80 - 7.5	Vâw	٥	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control
*		A. A.				·	<u> </u>	

*Most recent sample results available. No sample required for 2012

Nicrobiological Contaminant

allowed and this was a warning of potential problems (1) Total Coliform. Coliform are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than

and further sample testing showed no presence of coliform bacteria from these locations our system violated a drinking water standard. We took 5 samples for coliform bacteria, 2 of those samples showed the presence of coliform bacteria. The standard is that no more than 1 sample per month of our sam ples may do so. We determined that the affected samples were caused by faulty faucets where the samples were taken. These faucets were replaced and/or protected from possible contamination as much as possible We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In September 20.

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*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

in accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample

Fladiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Wallers, Director of compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.75tion by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Wallers, Director of compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518. quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health

of the life and our children's future The Northwest Kemper Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our water to every tap.

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P.O. B	iwest Kemp lox 57 & Pres	er Water A ton, MS 393	ssociation 54 6 Phone (6	01) 677-3558	RETURN SERVICE	PRESORTED FIRST CLASS MAIL

AMOUNT DUE AFTER DUE DATE	PENALTY AFTER DUE DATE	PAY THIS AMOUNT	The second second
\$-97.40	\$0.00	\$-97.40	

ACCOUNT DUE DATE

100578 5/20/2013

RETURN THIS STUE

WITH PAYMENT

H. M. II HAILEY PO BOX 10 PRESTON MS 39354-0010

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Northwest Kemper Water Association P.O. Box 57 & Preston, MS 39354 & Phone (601) 677-3558 PRESORTED FIRST CLASS MAIL RETURN SERVICE DATES OF SERVICE U.S. POSTAGE PAID REQUESTED 3/25/2013 - 4/24/2013 PRESTON, MS 39354 SERVICE AT PERMIT NO. 1 AI PO BOX 11, PRESTON MS PRESENT PREVIOUS USAGE CODE CHARGES Balance Forward: 03/31/2013 27.64 5.00 29.48 04/23/13 Late Fee CCR's are available at our office. WAT 324,590 319,470 5,120 ACCOUNT DUE DATE 100104 AMT DUE AFTER DUE DATE 5/20/2013 PAY THIS AMOUNT \$67.12 \$62.12

AMOUNT DUE AFTER DUE DATE	PENALTY AFTER DUE DATE	PAY THIS AMOUNT
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ACCOUNT DUE DATE

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TED COLEMAN PO BOX 11 PRESTON MS 39354-0011

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100219	5/20/2013
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KEVIN HIGGINBOTHAM PO BOX 23 PRESTON MS 39354-0023

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TONY HAILEY PO BOX 25 PRESTON MS 39354-0025

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Locations where the Consumer Confidence Report was posted on 5/14/13:

Okatibbee Development (Moscow RV Park)
County Line RV Park
Energy RV Park
Kamp Kemper RV Park
Pami Rosa RV Park

A copy of the CCR was posted in the wash/bath house at each of the above RV parks.